

D) Perdas de condução no transistor

$$P_{cond_t} = V_{DS(on)} \cdot I_{DS(on)}$$

$$P_{cond_t} = 0,5 \cdot 1$$

$$P_{cond_t} = 0,5 \text{ W}$$

Perdas de condução no diodo

Total Perdas

$$0,8 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{cond_d} = V_{DO(on)} \cdot I_{DO(on)}$$

$$P_{cond_d} = 0,3 \cdot 1$$

$$P_{cond_d} = 0,3 \text{ W}$$

$$\eta = \frac{P_0}{P_0 + P_{cond}} \cdot 100 \Leftrightarrow \eta = \frac{12}{12 + 0,8} \cdot 100 = 94\%$$

Perdas de comutação no transistor

$$P_{comut_t} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot t_S} \cdot U \cdot I (t_{con} + t_{cutoff}) \quad \hat{I} = \frac{\hat{I}_{DS(on)}}{D} = \frac{1}{0,5} = 2 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{comut_t} = \frac{1}{2 \times 10 \times 10^{-9}} \cdot 12 \cdot 2 \cdot (2 \cdot 100 \times 10^{-9})$$

$$P_{comut_t} = 240 \text{ mW}$$

Perdas de comutação no diodo

$$I_{DS(on)} = 1 = \hat{I}_D \cdot \frac{t_{off}}{t_S} = \hat{I}_D (1 - D)$$

$$\hat{I}_D = \frac{I_{DS(on)}}{(1 - D)} = \frac{1}{1 - 0,5} = 2 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{comut_d} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot t_S} \cdot \hat{U} \cdot \hat{I} \cdot t_{cutoff}$$

$$P_{comut_d} = \frac{1}{2 \times 10 \times 10^{-9}} \cdot 6 \cdot 2 \cdot 100 \times 10^{-9} = 60 \text{ mW}$$

$$P_{comut_total} = (240 + 60) = 300 \text{ mW}$$

Nova eficiência do circuito

$$\eta = \frac{P_0}{P_0 + P_{perdas}} = \frac{12}{12 + (0,8 + 0,3)} = 92\%$$

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B)

$$V_L = L \cdot \frac{\Delta I}{\Delta t}$$

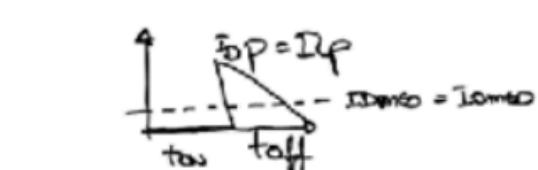
Gutton:

$$V_L = V_D$$

$$\Delta I = I_{LP}$$

$$\Delta t = t_{on} = D \cdot t_S$$

$$I_{LP} = I_{DP}$$



$$L = \frac{D \cdot t_S \cdot V_D}{I_{LP}}$$

$$I_{Dmax} = \frac{1}{t_S} \cdot \frac{t_{off} \cdot I_{DP}}{2} \quad \text{G1}$$

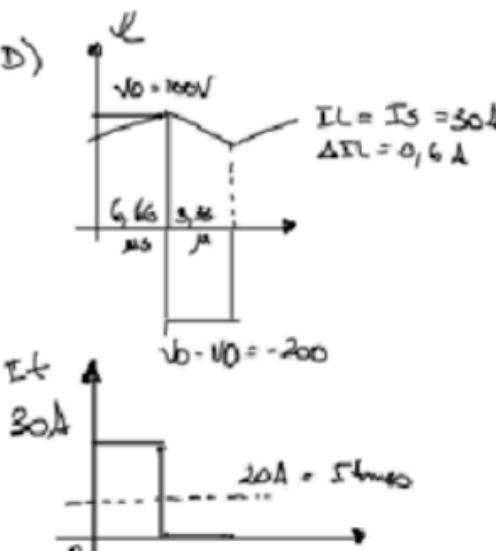
$$\frac{1}{t_S} \cdot \frac{(1-D) \cdot t_S \cdot I_{DP}}{2} \quad \epsilon I_{Dmax} = \frac{I_{DP}(1-D)}{2}$$

$$I_{DP} = \frac{2 \cdot I_{Dmax}}{1-D} = \frac{2 \cdot I_{Dmin}}{1-D} = \frac{2 \cdot I_{Dmin}}{1-D}$$

$$L = \frac{V_D \cdot D \cdot (1-D) \cdot t_S}{2 \cdot I_{Dmin}} \quad \text{G2} \quad L = \frac{V_D \cdot D \cdot (1-D)^2 \cdot t_S}{2 \cdot I_{Dmin}}$$

c) $V_D \cdot I_D = V_O \cdot I_O$

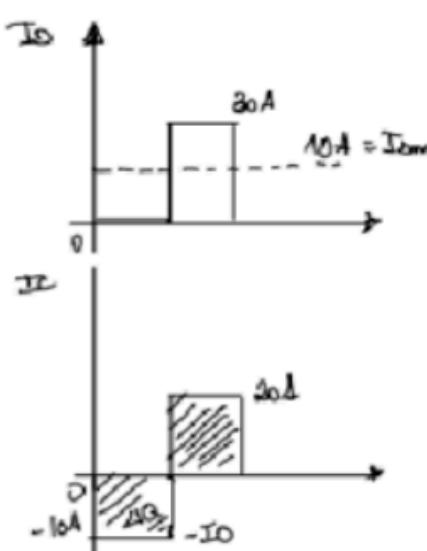
$$I_D = \frac{V_D \cdot I_O}{V_D} = \frac{300 \cdot 10}{10} = 30A$$



$$I_{Dmax} = I_{Dmin} + I_{Dmax} = I_{Dmax} + I_{Dmax}$$

$$I_O = \frac{R_o}{V_D} = \frac{3000}{300} = 10A$$

$$I_{Dmin} = I_{Dmax} - I_O = 30 - 10 = 20A$$



$$\begin{cases} \Delta Q = I_O \cdot t_S = I_O \cdot D \cdot t_S \\ \Delta Q = C \cdot \Delta V_O \end{cases}$$

$$I_O \cdot D \cdot t_S = C \cdot \Delta V_O \quad \text{G3} \quad C \geq \frac{I_O \cdot D \cdot t_S^3}{\Delta V_O}$$

$$C \geq 10 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{10 \cdot 10^{-6}}{0,01 \cdot 300} = 22,22 \mu F$$